

College of Physicians and Surgeons of Mumbai

Syllabus for CPS-PG-Course

DDIAB-DIPLOMA IN DIABETOLOGY

College of Physicians and Surgeons of Mumbai

CPS House, Dr. E. Borges Marg, Parel, Mumbai – 400012.

DDIAB-DIPLOMA IN DIABETOLOGY

COURSE DESCRIPTION

Eligibility : A candidate should possess MBBS degree/ equivalent degree as per provisions of Indian Medical Council Act.

Duration :2 Years

Objectives:

At the end of the course, students should be able to acquire following knowledge (including higher cognitive domain) and skills

A. Cognitive domain

- 1. Gross and radiological anatomy of abdomen and various organs of GI system and endocrine system
- 2. Physiology of digestive system
- 3. Physiology of pancreatic function
- 4. Glucogenesis, glycolysis and other details of glucose metabolism
- 5. Fat and protein metabolism
- 6. Role of insulin and other hormones in metabolism
- 7. Metabolism in presence and absence / deficiency of insulin
- 8. Types of diabetes
- 9. Aetio-pathogenesis of diabetes
- 10. Risk factors for diabetes
- 11. Insulin secretion
- 12. Factors affecting insulin secretion
- 13. Insulin transport
- 14. Laboratory investigations in diabetes
- 15. Diagnostic criteria for diabetes
- 16. Management and treatment of all types of diabetes
- 17. Complications of diabetes
- 18. Primordial, primary, secondary and tertiary prevention for diabetes
- 19. Screening techniques for population for early detection of diabetes

- 20. Antidiabetic drugs, their doses, pharmacokinetics and interactions with other drugs
- 21. Side effects and contraindications for anti diabetic drugs
- 22. Ethical issues
- 23. Medico-legal issues

B. Affective domain

- 1. Should develop communication skills to interact effectively with patients, relatives and colleagues and other hospital staff.
- 2. Should always adopt ethical principles and practices
- 3. Should be able to work a member of a team for effective care delivery system
- 4. Should develop an attitude to contribute effectively in the improvement, maintenance of health care delivery system of the country and to contribute in improving the health indicators of our country in comparison with the other developed world.

C. <u>Psychomotor domain</u>

At the end of the course students should acquire following skills

- Acquire sufficient clinical skills, including history taking, clinical examination for the correct diagnosis of diabetes.
- 2. Identify required laboratory investigations and interpret them.
- **3.** Interpret and manage various blood gases abnormalities in a diabetic patient.
- 4. Collection of blood and other samples for diagnosis of diabetes and its complications
- 5. Management of diabetes and its complications
- Common procedures, like endotracheal intubation and pneumo-thoracic drainage / aspiration etc.
- Recognize emergency situations in intensive care, respond to these appropriately and perform basic critical care monitoring and therapeutic procedures.

8. Effective management of keto acidosis, hypoglycaemia and other emergency /

complications in a diabetic patient

<u>SYLLABUS</u>

Syllabus for the course will include every aspect of theory and practice of clinical Diabetes.

- A. Basic Sciences
- 1. Gross and radiological anatomy of various organ system
- 2. Physiology of digestive system
- 3. Physiology of endocrine system
- 4. Physiology of pancreatic function
- 5. Various cycles in metabolism of carbohydrates, fats and proteins
- 6. Glucogenesis, glycolysis and other details of glucose metabolism
- 7. Physiology of insulin secretion
- 8. Role of insulin and other hormones in metabolism
- 9. Metabolism in presence and absence / deficiency of insulin
- 10. Aetio-pathogenesis of diabetes
- 11. Risk factors for diabetes
- B. Diabetology
- 1. Factors affecting insulin secretion
- 2. Laboratory investigations in diabetes
- 3. Glycosuria
- 4. Other causes of glycosuria
- 5. History of Diabetes.
- 6. Epidemiology of Diabetes with special reference to data from India.
- 7. Insulin biosynthesis, structure, storage and release.
- 8. Insulin transport and actions.
- 9. Classification of Diabetes.

- 10. Signs and symptoms in diabetes
- 11. Diagnosis of diabetes, various lab investigations, their interpretations
- 12. Investigations in monitoring Diabetes.
- 13. Pathogenesis of micro-vascular disease in Diabetes.
- 14. Eye in Diabetes, diabetic retinopathy.
- 15. Diabetic Nephropathy
- 16. Nervous system and Diabetes.
- 17. Pathogenesis of macro-vascular disease in Diabetes.
- 18. Cardio-Diabetology
- 19. Hypertension in Diabetes
- 20. Risk of coronary heart disease and diabetes
- 21. Myocardial infarction and diabetes
- 22. Foot problems in Diabetes.
- 23. Diabetes and Obesity.
- 24. Diabetic Dyslipidemia
- 25. Dietary management in Diabetes.
- 26. Exercise in Diabetes
- 27. Oral Hypoglycemic agents in Diabetes.
- 28. Insulin therapy in Diabetes.
- 29. Diabetes in young
- 30. Pregnancy and Diabetes.
- 31. Sexual dysfunction in Diabetes
- 32. Surgery and Diabetes.
- 33. Special infections in Diabetes
- 34. Skin disorders in Diabetes
- 35. Digestive system and Diabetes.
- 36. Urological problems in Diabetes.
- 37. Diabetes and Immune system
- 38. Psychological impact of Diabetes
- 39. Patient education in Diabetes
- 40. Hyperglycemic emergencies in Diabetes

- 41. Hypoglycemia
- 42. Pancreas transplantation
- 43. Prevention of Diabetes, primary, primordial, secondary and tertiary.
- 44. Genetics in Diabetes.
- 45. Acute complication like Ketaocidosis.
- 46. Investigative modalities (CGM Setc.)
- 47. Screening for diabetes
- 48. Public health aspects and control of diabetes in the community
- 49. National health programmes in relation to diabetes and other non communicable diseases

Rotation:

Students can be posted in the department of general medicine for maximum period of 6 months.

DDIAB : DIPLOMA IN DIABETOLOGY

EXAMINATION PATTERN

Theory Examination:

| PAPER I | | P/ | PAPER II | | PAPER III | |
|--|----------|--|----------|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Basic sciences, laboratory investigations, diagnosis and treatment | | Complications of diabetes, prevention and treatment of complications, prevention | | complications public health | prevention and treatment of complications, recent advances, public health aspects, National Health Programme | |
| Se | ction I | Se | ection I | Section I | | |
| Q.1. | 10 Marks | Q.1. | 10 Marks | Q.1. | 10 Marks | |
| Q.2. | 10 Marks | Q.2. | 10 Marks | Q.2. | 10 Marks | |
| Q.3. | 10 Marks | Q.3. | 10 Marks | Q.3. | 10 Marks | |
| Q.4. | 10 Marks | Q.4. | 10 Marks | Q.4. | 10 Marks | |
| Q.5. | 10 Marks | Q.5. | 10 Marks | Q.5. | 10 Marks | |
| Total | 50 Marks | Total | 50 Marks | Total | 50 Marks | |
| Section II | | Section II | | Section II | | |
| Q.6. | 10 Marks | Q.6. | 10 Marks | Q.6. | 10 Marks | |
| Q.7. | 10 Marks | Q.7. | 10 Marks | Q.7. | 10 Marks | |
| Q.8. | 10 Marks | Q.8. | 10 Marks | Q.8. | 10 Marks | |
| Q.9. | 10 Marks | Q.9. | 10 Marks | Q.9. | 10 Marks | |
| Q.10. | 10 Marks | Q.10. | 10 Marks | Q.10. | 10 Marks | |
| Total | 50 Marks | Total | 50 Marks | Total | 50 Marks | |

| Practical Exar | Marks | |
|----------------|--|-----|
| Paper - IV | Clinical Practical – Long case 1 | 100 |
| Paper - V | Oral & Viva | 100 |
| Paper - VI | Short cases -2 | 100 |
| Total Marks | (Aggregate marks for passing is 50% out of total.) | 300 |

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